

Terms of Subscription.	Price.
Weekly Paper, one year, in advance.	\$3.00
Do, six months, " "	2.00
Daily Paper, one year, in advance.	\$5.00
Do, six months, " "	3.00
Do, three months, in advance.	1.50
Do, one month, " "	1.00

SPECIAL NOTICE.
ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered from years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making a simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers will find profit in the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, to
JOHN B. GORDEN,
No. 42 Cedar St., New York.

Bishop Atkinson's Approvals.	
Beaufort, Good Friday.	19th
New Bern, Easter Day.	12th
Yough's Chapel, First Communion.	15th
Trinity Church, New York.	17th
St. John's Church.	18th
Washington.	19th
Wilmington.	20th
Elizabeth City.	21st
Hartford, Perquimans county.	22nd
Greenville.	23rd
Clinton.	24th
Windsor.	25th
Woodville.	26th

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.
Court of Equity, to Spring Term, 1868.
Patrick Murphy, vs. John L. McMillan and Original Bill.

APPEAL UPON AFFIDAVIT. That John L. McMillan, one of the defendants in the above entitled suit, so absconds or conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, he is hereby notified to appear at the next Term of the Court of Equity, to be held for the county of New Hanover, at the Court House in Wilmington, on the fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in March, A. D. 1868, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said bill, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against him.

Witness, Frederick D. Poisson, Clerk and Master of the Court of Equity for the 4th Monday in September, A. D. 1867.
FREDERICK D. POISSON, Clerk and Master.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
(So-called.)
NIGHT SESSION.

The Convention was called to order at the usual hour.
Hood (negro), called up his ordinance legalizing marriages celebrated under license issued by the military.
The ordinance was read, when Hood (negro), explained his reasons for offering it and asked to suspend the rules. Carried.
Mr. Ellis moved to amend by saying "EXCEPT BETWEEN BLACKS AND WHITES, which shall not be valid."
Mr. Merritt called for the yeas and nays. They were refused, AND THE AMENDMENT WAS VOTED DOWN.
The ordinance was put to a vote and adopted.

Mr. Dowd introduced a resolution instructing the Legislature to provide for a new assessment of the lands of the State.—Referred to the committee of seventeen.
Harris, of Wake, (negro), moved to take up the ordinance reported by the committee on Divorce, granting a divorce to Mr. Babcock from his wife Lucia Babcock. The ordinance was read and adopted.

Cherry (negro), offered a petition for the divorce of Sarah Mitchell from her husband John Mitchell. Referred.

The following telegram from Mr. Sweet, at Charleston, who was appointed to wait on Gen. Canby, and consult him on the manner, &c., of holding the elections, was read:
"CHARLOTTE, March 14, 1868.
Hon. C. J. Cowles.—One ballot box and one ballot for each precinct, and one officer. All returns to be made to Gen. Canby direct. If the Convention desire votes for local officers to be counted by the military, a week or fortnight later, with offices at Raleigh, there will be no objection. This involves more than one ballot box, and Gen. Canby will not be an unnecessary complication of the matter. I hope order will be maintained as far as the November elections.—The election in South Carolina has been ordered for the 13th, 15th and 16th of April, and the General thinks it desirable in order to have sufficient time for preparation, that the election in North Carolina should be held a week or fortnight later. This dispatch outlines the result of my interview with Gen. Canby, and is approved by him."

A great many other ordinances, reported by the committee on Divorce were read.—The majority of them were unfavorably reported upon. Some few of them, however, were granted.

Mr. Abbott called up the ordinance authorizing the city of Wilmington to increase its capital stock and for other purposes.
He offered as a substitute for the above an ordinance entitled an ordinance for the completion of the Western North Carolina Railroad.

The ordinance was read, when Mr. Abbott moved its adoption and called for the yeas and nays. The roll being called, resulted in its passage by a vote of yeas 63, nays 6.

Mr. Heaton, from the committee of 16, to whom was referred an ordinance authorizing the city of Wilmington to increase its capital stock and for other purposes, submitted a report recommending the passage of the ordinance.

The ordinance was read, and on motion, the rules were passed—yeas 56, nays 9.
The House soon thereafter adjourned until Monday morning, 10 o'clock.

MORNING SESSION.
Monday, March 16, 1868.

The Convention called to order at the usual hour.
The prayer by the Rev. Mr. Hudson of the city.

The petition from 1,200 citizens, asking the formation of a new county out of the counties of Rowan, Iredell, Cabarrus and Davie, was reported upon adversely.

The article upon amendments to the Constitution was taken up and put on its final passage.

The yeas and nays being called, the article was adopted by a vote of yeas 55, nays 10. (Party vote).

An ordinance in relation to the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation Company was read and adopted.

An ordinance appointing a committee to consist of E. W. Jones, C. C. Pool, and G. Cherry, (negro), to examine into the affairs of the Chesapeake and Albemarle Canal—the said committee to be paid \$6 per day and their traveling and all incidental expenses while engaged in the work, and to report to the next Legislature or Convention, was considered.

After some debate it was determined to drop the matter until this evening.
Mr. Nicholson, from the committee on Revision, reported the following substitute for section 224 of the Article on Suffrage:
"It shall be the duty of the General Assembly to provide from time to time for the registration of all electors, and no person shall be allowed to vote without registration, or to register without first taking an oath or affirmation to support and maintain the Constitution and laws of the

United States and the Constitution and North Carolina, not inconsistent therewith.

Also, this substitute for section 5 of the same article:
"The following classes shall be disqualified from office: First, All persons who shall deny the being of Almighty God; 2d, All persons who shall have been convicted of treason, perjury, or any infamous crime since becoming citizens of the United States, or of corruption or malpractice in office, unless such persons shall have been legally restored to the rights of citizenship."
Mr. Durham said persons of color had been citizens since the passage of the Civil Rights bill, and of course every negro who had been convicted of an infamous crime before the war, during the war, and even since the war, would not be disfranchised; but a white man, here at home, would be deprived of his rights to vote if he had been convicted of a crime. A negro, no matter how he had been convicted of his crime, committed within the last three, four or six years, would not be interfered with, but a white man would be. Mr. Durham then moved to strike the words "since becoming a citizen of the United States," giving the above reasons for wishing to so amend.

The question recurred upon Mr. Durham's amendment. Mr. D. asked for the yeas and nays, but they were refused, and the amendment was voted down.

The article as amended was put on its passage and adopted by a strict party vote of yeas 52, nays 12.
Mr. French, of Chowan, introduced an ordinance chartering the Albemarle Railroad Co.
Mr. French moved to suspend the rules and put the ordinance on its passage, and the ordinance was passed.

Mr. Moore opposed the passage of the ordinance. He said that the State had already been run into debt beyond her ability to pay for forty years to come.
Mr. Pool said that he had opposed all railroad schemes presented here, and would vote against this one, though he thought it had greater claims upon the consideration of the Convention than any yet presented.

The question recurred upon the motion to suspend the rules, and the motion was lost by a sufficient number of yeas.
Hayes (negro), of Halifax, offered the following resolution:
"That it is the sense of this Convention that intermarriages and illegal intercourse between the races should be discontinued, and the interest and happiness of the two races be promoted by the establishment of separate schools."
The rules were suspended and the resolution was adopted, after a refusal to have the yeas and nays.

Mr. Candler now moved to reconsider the vote taken last night upon Mr. Ellis' amendment to Hood's ordinance, LEGALIZING all marriages celebrated under license issued by the military.
Hood (negro) moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table.

The yeas and nays were called for and had, and resulted in the following ballot:
YEAS.—Messrs. Andrews, Benbow, Blinn, Bryan, Carey, (negro), Carter, (negro), Cogswell, Conner, (negro), Dyer, (negro), Fisher, (negro), Franklin, French, of Rockingham, Galloway, Galloway, (negro), Gunter, Harris, of Wake, (negro), Hayes, of Halifax, (negro), Higginbotham, (negro), Hood, (negro), Hyman, (negro), Kinney, (negro), Ladin, (negro), McDonald, of Moore, (negro), Murray, (negro), Person, (negro), Po, L. K., Rawson, Smith, Stillwell, Sweet and Tucker.

YEAS.—Messrs. Aydlott, Baker, Bradley, Candler, Daniel, Duckworth, Durham, Etheridge, George, Glover, Graham, of Orange, Hare, Holt, of Wake, (negro), Hayes, of Halifax, (negro), Higginbotham, (negro), Hood, (negro), Hyman, (negro), Kinney, (negro), Ladin, (negro), McDonald, of Moore, (negro), Murray, (negro), Person, (negro), Po, L. K., Rawson, Smith, Stillwell, Sweet and Tucker.

Harris, of Wake, (negro), from the committee appointed to investigate the alleged fraud in the election of Plato Durham, reported that he had no evidence to support his charge, and he asked to be discharged from further consideration of the matter.

Mr. Durham then arose and said:
I have to say, sir, in reference to this report, that, from the beginning, the whole case has been a fraud, and I have been cowardly attempt to cast reproach upon my character, and to prevent an investigation of the alleged fraud in passing certain ordinances which have passed this Convention. Fearing an investigation of the charges contained in the resolutions introduced by the committee on Divorce, and the resolutions, these charges of fraud in my election were trumped up by parties inside and outside of this Convention, to intimidate and drive me from that investigation. And, sir, I must be allowed here to say that, in the appointment of the delegates to serve on the committee on Divorce, it was the intention of the President to prevent a full and fair investigation, or it was intended as an insult to myself. If the latter, I can only say that I cannot be insulted in any such manner. The relations between two of the members of the committee, (Ashley and French), were very unpleasant, and he also knew that I had refused, from the commencement of the session, to recognize the delegate from Wake, the other member of the committee. And yet these are the delegates that the President appointed to serve on the committee on Divorce.

The appointment was intended to prevent investigation and to insult me. But, as stated before, I was not insulted, nor can I be from any such source. It was my intention, at first, to refuse to meet these delegates. Soon afterwards, threats of violence were indicated, if I refused to meet them. I then convened the committee, merely because these cowardly threats were made.

The resolutions in reference to my election, introduced by the black scoundrel from Wake, were conceived in iniquity and fraud—not by him alone, but by certain parties, who were very unpleasant, and he also knew that I had refused, from the commencement of the session, to recognize the delegate from Wake, the other member of the committee. And yet these are the delegates that the President appointed to serve on the committee on Divorce.

The appointment was intended to prevent investigation and to insult me. But, as stated before, I was not insulted, nor can I be from any such source. It was my intention, at first, to refuse to meet these delegates. Soon afterwards, threats of violence were indicated, if I refused to meet them. I then convened the committee, merely because these cowardly threats were made.

The resolutions in reference to my election, introduced by the black scoundrel from Wake, were conceived in iniquity and fraud—not by him alone, but by certain parties, who were very unpleasant, and he also knew that I had refused, from the commencement of the session, to recognize the delegate from Wake, the other member of the committee. And yet these are the delegates that the President appointed to serve on the committee on Divorce.

The appointment was intended to prevent investigation and to insult me. But, as stated before, I was not insulted, nor can I be from any such source. It was my intention, at first, to refuse to meet these delegates. Soon afterwards, threats of violence were indicated, if I refused to meet them. I then convened the committee, merely because these cowardly threats were made.

The resolutions in reference to my election, introduced by the black scoundrel from Wake, were conceived in iniquity and fraud—not by him alone, but by certain parties, who were very unpleasant, and he also knew that I had refused, from the commencement of the session, to recognize the delegate from Wake, the other member of the committee. And yet these are the delegates that the President appointed to serve on the committee on Divorce.

The appointment was intended to prevent investigation and to insult me. But, as stated before, I was not insulted, nor can I be from any such source. It was my intention, at first, to refuse to meet these delegates. Soon afterwards, threats of violence were indicated, if I refused to meet them. I then convened the committee, merely because these cowardly threats were made.

The resolutions in reference to my election, introduced by the black scoundrel from Wake, were conceived in iniquity and fraud—not by him alone, but by certain parties, who were very unpleasant, and he also knew that I had refused, from the commencement of the session, to recognize the delegate from Wake, the other member of the committee. And yet these are the delegates that the President appointed to serve on the committee on Divorce.

and if they should report at all, compel them to present a decent and respectable one. He (Mr. Graham) had always yielded to the contrary side and he would demand and insist on proper courtesy being paid to the Conservative gentlemen.

After a long discussion, the report was re-committed to the committee, with instructions to collect all the evidence in the matter and present it with their report.
Mr. Cowles vacated the Chair, took the floor and entered into a long vindication of himself from charges of partiality brought by Mr. Durham.

Mr. Durham arose and repeated, in sum and substance, those charges and said that while he deprecated the necessity of his having been driven to use strong language, yet he had nothing now to apologise for—gross injustice and dishonesty had characterized almost the whole of the proceedings of this Convention.
The divorce case of Edward Stroyer was taken up.

On motion, the rules were suspended to put the ordinance granting the divorce on its passage. The yeas and nays were ordered and the vote stood yeas 51, nays 26, not a quorum voting.

Pending further action in the matter, Mr. Heaton offered an ordinance, providing for an election on the ratification or rejection of the Constitution, State officers, Congressmen, &c., fixing the days of said election on the 21st, 22d and 23d of April next. The rules were suspended to put the ordinance on its passage, the yeas and nays were ordered and resulted in the passage of the ordinance, by a party vote of yeas 69, nays 5.

On motion, the House adjourned until 7 o'clock, this evening.
NIGHT SESSION.
Convention called to order at the usual hour.
Jones, of Washington, called up the ordinance providing for a Commission, consisting of himself, C. C. Pool and G. Cherry, (negro), to enquire into the affairs of the Chesapeake and Albemarle Canal Company—the said Commission to be paid \$6 per day while engaged in the work, and to report to the next Legislature or Convention, with their traveling and incidental expenses paid.

On motion, the rules were suspended and the ordinance was adopted.
Mr. Sweet offered an ordinance repealing section 2 of an ordinance entitled "an ordinance to change the manner of paying the subscription to the capital stock of the Western North Carolina Railroad Company."
Mr. Sweet moved to suspend the rules and put the ordinance upon its passage.

The yeas and nays being called upon its passage, resulted in its adoption by a vote of yeas 66, nays 9.
Mr. Heaton, from the Committee on Revision, reported that the said committee had completed its work and now presented the Constitution as a whole.
Mr. H. moved that as Mr. Nicholson was familiar with the instrument, he should proceed to the Secretary's desk and read it.

Mr. Nicholson came to the stand and proceeded to read the entire Constitution, when Mr. Heaton offered a resolution that the same be adopted.
On the passage of the resolution, Mr. Heaton called for the yeas and nays.
Mr. Durham said the Conservatives did not look upon this as a Constitution framed by the free people of North Carolina, but one forced upon them at the point of the bayonet. He, in the name of the Conservatives on this floor, asked that the capital be changed to Raleigh, and the spirit of the Constitution be changed to the spirit of the constitutional liberties of the free citizens of North Carolina.

Mr. Rodman made a speech endorsing the Constitution and deprecating Mr. Durham's remarks.
Touge, also, had his say.
Mr. Graham, of Orange, said:
"I rise to state that I have never performed an act more cheerfully in my life than the one which I shall perform in voting against this Constitution. North Carolina is the only Southern State in which a large number of the most intelligent and enlightened citizens are not placed in a lower position than those assigned to the lately emancipated slave. While I give credit to some gentlemen on this floor for magnanimity in this matter, I do attribute your lenient course in this State to the large vote rendered by the spirit of your party is prescriptive, and it is for the prudent reason I have mentioned that your usual policy is not pursued here. I vote for the Constitution of our fathers, framed by independent freemen, and not for one dictated to us by Congress. I deem it my duty to give my consent, and I am approved by them when they voted against holding this Convention."

The question recurred upon the resolution.
The roll was called, resulting in the following ballot:
YEAS.—Messrs. Abbott, Andrews, Ashley, Aydlott, Benbow, Blinn, Bryan, Carey, (negro), Carter, Candler, Cherry, (negro), Chislow, Cogswell, Conner, (negro), Dyer, (negro), Fisher, (negro), Franklin, French, of Rockingham, Galloway, Galloway, (negro), Gunter, Harris, of Wake, (negro), Hayes, of Halifax, (negro), Higginbotham, (negro), Hood, (negro), Hyman, (negro), Kinney, (negro), Ladin, (negro), McDonald, of Moore, (negro), Murray, (negro), Person, (negro), Po, L. K., Rawson, Smith, Stillwell, Sweet and Tucker.

YEAS.—Messrs. Aydlott, Baker, Bradley, Candler, Daniel, Duckworth, Durham, Etheridge, George, Glover, Graham, of Orange, Hare, Holt, of Wake, (negro), Hayes, of Halifax, (negro), Higginbotham, (negro), Hood, (negro), Hyman, (negro), Kinney, (negro), Ladin, (negro), McDonald, of Moore, (negro), Murray, (negro), Person, (negro), Po, L. K., Rawson, Smith, Stillwell, Sweet and Tucker.

Harris, of Wake, (negro), from the committee appointed to investigate the alleged fraud in the election of Plato Durham, reported that he had no evidence to support his charge, and he asked to be discharged from further consideration of the matter.

Mr. Durham then arose and said:
I have to say, sir, in reference to this report, that, from the beginning, the whole case has been a fraud, and I have been cowardly attempt to cast reproach upon my character, and to prevent an investigation of the alleged fraud in passing certain ordinances which have passed this Convention. Fearing an investigation of the charges contained in the resolutions introduced by the committee on Divorce, and the resolutions, these charges of fraud in my election were trumped up by parties inside and outside of this Convention, to intimidate and drive me from that investigation. And, sir, I must be allowed here to say that, in the appointment of the delegates to serve on the committee on Divorce, it was the intention of the President to prevent a full and fair investigation, or it was intended as an insult to myself. If the latter, I can only say that I cannot be insulted in any such manner. The relations between two of the members of the committee, (Ashley and French), were very unpleasant, and he also knew that I had refused, from the commencement of the session, to recognize the delegate from Wake, the other member of the committee. And yet these are the delegates that the President appointed to serve on the committee on Divorce.

The appointment was intended to prevent investigation and to insult me. But, as stated before, I was not insulted, nor can I be from any such source. It was my intention, at first, to refuse to meet these delegates. Soon afterwards, threats of violence were indicated, if I refused to meet them. I then convened the committee, merely because these cowardly threats were made.

The resolutions in reference to my election, introduced by the black scoundrel from Wake, were conceived in iniquity and fraud—not by him alone, but by certain parties, who were very unpleasant, and he also knew that I had refused, from the commencement of the session, to recognize the delegate from Wake, the other member of the committee. And yet these are the delegates that the President appointed to serve on the committee on Divorce.

The appointment was intended to prevent investigation and to insult me. But, as stated before, I was not insulted, nor can I be from any such source. It was my intention, at first, to refuse to meet these delegates. Soon afterwards, threats of violence were indicated, if I refused to meet them. I then convened the committee, merely because these cowardly threats were made.

The resolutions in reference to my election, introduced by the black scoundrel from Wake, were conceived in iniquity and fraud—not by him alone, but by certain parties, who were very unpleasant, and he also knew that I had refused, from the commencement of the session, to recognize the delegate from Wake, the other member of the committee. And yet these are the delegates that the President appointed to serve on the committee on Divorce.

The appointment was intended to prevent investigation and to insult me. But, as stated before, I was not insulted, nor can I be from any such source. It was my intention, at first, to refuse to meet these delegates. Soon afterwards, threats of violence were indicated, if I refused to meet them. I then convened the committee, merely because these cowardly threats were made.

to the President, C. J. Cowles, for the very able and efficient manner in which he has presided over this Convention (3 o'clock).
The Convention then adjourned to meet at 7 o'clock, to-morrow morning.

MORNING SESSION.
Tuesday, March 17, 1868.

The Convention was called to order at 7 o'clock, A. M.
In the absence of the Chairman, Mr. Abbott was, on motion of Mr. Heaton, called to the Chair.
Prayer by Cape Cod Ashley, of the Convention.

Mr. Congleton offered a resolution that it is the sense of this Convention, that the next Legislature shall take into consideration the condition of the landless population (negroes) of the State, and if practicable, provide small freeholds for them, so that they may become identified with the interests of the State.
Adopted.
On motion, the Convention took a recess until 9 o'clock.

House re-assembled—President Cowles in the Chair.
Mr. Heaton presented the following ordinance:
Sec. 1. Be it ordained, That C. J. Cowles shall receive a compensation of six dollars per day while actually engaged in the performance of the duties imposed on him by several ordinances of this Convention, and that the same be paid by the Treasurer of this State, on the warrant of said President.

Sec. 2. Be it further ordained, That this ordinance shall be in force from and after its passage.
The ordinance was put to a vote and adopted.
On the ordinance with the resolution passed some time ago, an address, explanatory of the provisions of the Constitution, to be appended to the Constitution drawn up by Mr. Rodman, was read by him and adopted.

Mr. Andrews offered an ordinance amending the charter of the city of Raleigh, making every qualified voter eligible to the office of Mayor and other city officers, which was adopted.
[Here some difficulty arose about the enrolling business, and the Sergeant-at-Arms was sent in search of the Engraving Company.]

On motion of Mr. Touge, a recess was taken until 11 o'clock.
Gen. Miles was called on to speak, but declined in a few remarks. General Littlefield was next called on and spoke for some time and then sang a song.
Dickey, of Cherokee, also sang a song, and Byron, the Secretary, sang a song, and several other musical negroes sang songs.

At eleven and a half o'clock.
The President resumed the Chair.
Mr. Rich offered a resolution that the Secretary be authorized to employ an assistant clerk.
Mr. Abbott moved to adjourn.

The President said, that last night he had committed a great mistake in vacating the Chair, and he asked to be excused. He said he should have responded from the Chair. He hoped that the Convention would excuse him, as he was jubilant; he was not aware of his breach of decorum.
Mr. Abbott withdrew his motion to adjourn, in order to allow the committee on the proposed amendment to the Constitution to report their proceedings and the grossness of the ordinance providing for elections.

Mr. Heaton said, as he had ascertained the non-endorsement of several important ordinances, he therefore moved that the resolution adjourning at 12 o'clock be reconsidered, and the hour of one be substituted instead thereof. Carried.
On motion of Mr. Somebody, the House took another recess for fifteen minutes.

At the expiration of the time, business was again resumed, when the committee on Enrollment reported back several ordinances which the Chair proceeded to sign in the presence of the Convention.
The President then declared the Convention adjourned, subject to the call of the President.

LAUS DEO—saith the Reporter.
For the Journal.

A portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow met in Jacksonville on Tuesday, February 25th, 1868, when, upon motion of Elijah Murrill, Jerome B. Frazel, Esq., was, by unanimous consent, called to the Chair, and A. J. Johnston appointed Secretary of the meeting.

The Chairman, in a very appropriate speech, explained the object of the meeting, to adopt and endorse the meeting of the late Conservative Convention, which assembled in Raleigh on the 5th day of February, 1868, and of the delegates in said Convention from Onslow. But owing to no representative from the Fifth District in said county, not being represented in this meeting, the same adjourned over to Monday of March next.

The meeting met on Monday, officers as before, when, upon motion, the Districts were called and found fully represented.
Moved and seconded that the Chairman appoint a committee of three to draft resolutions for this meeting.

The Chairman appointed E. W. Fonville, Esq., M. L. F. Redd, Esq., and Mr. E. W. Mattocks.
In the absence of the Committee speeches were made by John B. Hassey, Franklin Thompson and others.
On the return of the Committee the following resolutions were handed to the Secretary to read, which were adopted by the unanimous consent of the largest audience ever present in public meeting assembled in Jacksonville:

Whereas, We, a portion of the citizens of Onslow county, do cheerfully and cordially endorse the action of the late Conservative Convention, held at Raleigh, N. C., on the 5th and 6th days of February last; and
Whereas, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve the course of the delegates in said Convention, in public meeting assembled in Onslow county, and that we will abide by the same; and be it therefore
Resolved, That we, a portion of the Conservative citizens of Onslow county, do cordially endorse and approve